Formula Sheet

Area and Circumference

$$A = \left(\frac{b_1 + b_2}{2}\right) h$$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = area$$

$$b = base$$

$$h = \text{height}$$

$$C = circumference$$

$$r = radius$$

Volume

Pyramid/Cone
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}BR$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$V = \text{volume}$$

$$B =$$
area of base

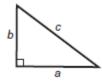
$$h = \text{height}$$

$$r = radius$$

Pythagorean Theorem and Trigonometric Ratios

Pythagorean Theorem: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

Points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) in the Plane

$$M = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$

$$D = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Quadratic Equations

Standard Form
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

Quadratic Formula
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Probability

$$P(A \cup B) = Probability of event A or event B$$

$$P(A|B)$$
 = Probability of event A given event B

$$P(A \cap B) = Probability of event A and event B$$